

다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?

1

Children can move ① effortlessly between play and absorption in a story, as if both are forms of the same activity. The taking of roles in a narratively structured game of pirates ② is not very different than the taking of roles in identifying with characters as one watches a movie. It might be thought that ③ as they grow towards adolescence, people give up childhood play, but this is not so. Instead, the bases and interests of this activity change and develop to playing and watching sports, to the fiction of plays, novels, and movies, and nowadays to video games. In fiction, one can enter possible worlds. When we experience emotions in such worlds, this is not a sign ④ that we are being incoherent or regressed. It ⑤ is derived from trying out metaphorical transformations of our selves in new ways, in new worlds, in ways that can be moving and important to us.

\* pirate: 해적 \*\* incoherent: 일관되지 않은

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다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?

2

Sport can trigger an emotional response in its consumers of the kind rarely brought forth by other products. Imagine bank customers buying memorabilia to show loyalty to their bank, or consumers ① identifying so strongly with their car insurance company that they get a tattoo with its logo. We know that some sport followers are so passionate about players, teams and the sport itself ② that their interest borders on obsession. This addiction provides the emotional glue that binds fans to teams, and maintains loyalty even in the face of on-field failure. While most managers can only dream of having customers that are as passionate about their products ③ as sport fans, the emotion triggered by sport can also have a negative impact. Sport's emotional intensity can mean that organisations have strong attachments to the past through nostalgia and club tradition. As a result, they may increase efficiency, productivity and the need to respond quickly to ④ change market conditions. For example, a proposal to change club colours in order to project a more attractive image may ⑤ be defeated because it breaks a link with tradition.

\* memorabilia: 기념품 \*\* obsession: 집착

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다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?

3

Emma Brindley has investigated the responses of European robins to the songs of neighbors and strangers. ① Despite the large and complex song repertoire of European robins, they were able to discriminate between the songs of neighbors and strangers. When they heard a tape recording of a stranger, they began to sing sooner, sang more songs, and overlapped their songs with the playback more often than they ② were on hearing a neighbor's song. As Brindley suggests the overlapping of song may be an aggressive response. However, this difference in responding to neighbor versus stranger occurred only when the neighbor's song was played by a loudspeaker ③ placed at the boundary between that neighbor's territory and the territory of the bird being tested. If the same neighbor's song was played at another boundary, one ④ separating the territory of the test subject from another neighbor, it was treated as the call of a stranger. Not only ⑤ does this result demonstrate that the robins associate locality with familiar songs, but it also shows that the choice of songs used in playback experiments is highly important.

\* robin: 올새 \*\* territory: 영역

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다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?

4

Spatial reference points are larger than themselves. This isn't really a paradox: landmarks are themselves, but they also define neighborhoods around themselves. In a paradigm that has ① been repeated on many campuses, researchers first collect a list of campus landmarks from students. Then they ask ② another group of students to estimate the distances between pairs of locations, some to landmarks, some to ordinary buildings on campus. The remarkable finding is that distances from an ordinary location to a landmark are judged shorter than distances from a landmark to an ordinary location. So, people would judge the distance from Pierre's house to the Eiffel Tower ③ to be shorter than the distance from the Eiffel Tower to Pierre's house. Like black holes, landmarks seem to pull ordinary locations toward themselves, but ordinary places ④ are not. This asymmetry of distance estimates violates the most elementary principles of Euclidean distance, ⑤ that the distance from A to B must be the same as the distance from B to A. Judgments of distance, then, are not necessarily coherent. [L] [SEP]

\* asymmetry: 비대칭

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다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?

5

In most organizations, the employee's immediate supervisor evaluates the employee's performance. This is because the supervisor is ① responsible for the employee's performance, providing supervision, handing out assignments, and developing the employee. A problem, however, is ② that supervisors often work in locations apart from their employees and therefore are not able to observe their subordinates' performance. Should supervisors rate employees on performance dimensions they cannot observe? To eliminate this dilemma, more and more organizations are implementing assessments ③ referred to as 360-degree evaluations. Employees are rated not only by their supervisors but by coworkers, clients or citizens, professionals in other agencies ④ with whom they work and subordinates. The reason for this approach is that often coworkers and clients or citizens have a greater opportunity to observe an employee's performance and ⑤ be in a better position to evaluate many performance dimensions.

\* subordinate: 부하 직원

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다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?

6

The role that sleep plays in evolution is still under study. One possibility is that it is an ① advantageous adaptive state of decreased metabolism for an animal when there are no more pressing activities. This seems true for deeper states of inactivity such as hibernation during the winter ② when there are few food supplies, and a high metabolic cost to maintaining adequate temperature. It may be true in daily situations as well, for instance for a prey species ③ to avoid predators after dark. On the other hand, the apparent universality of sleep, and the observation that mammals such as cetaceans have developed such highly complex mechanisms to preserve sleep on at least one side of the brain at a time, ④ suggesting that sleep additionally provides some vital service(s) for the organism. This is particularly true since one aspect of sleep is ⑤ decreased responsiveness to the environment. If sleep is universal even when this potential price must be paid, the implication may be that it has important functions that cannot be obtained just by quiet, wakeful resting.

\* metabolism: 신진대사 \*\* mammal: 포유동물

2022학년도 6월 대학수학능력시험 6월 모의고사 39번 - 문장삽입

다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?

7

New ideas, such as those inspired by scientific developments, are often aired and critiqued in our popular culture as part of a healthy process of public debate, and scientists sometimes deserve the ① criticism they get. But the popularization of science would be greatly ② enhanced by improving the widespread images of the scientist. Part of the problem may be that the majority of the people who are most likely to write novels, plays, and film scripts were educated in the humanities, not in the sciences. Furthermore, the few scientists-turned-writers have used their scientific training as the source material for thrillers that further ③ recover the image of science and scientists. We need more screenplays and novels that present scientists in a ④ positive light. In our contemporary world, television and film are particularly influential media, and it is likely that the introduction of more scientist-heroes would help to make science more ⑤ attractive.

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다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?

8

Although cognitive and neuropsychological approaches emphasize the losses with age that might ① impair social perception, motivational theories indicate that there may be some gains or qualitative changes. Charles and Carstensen review a considerable body of evidence indicating that, as people get older, they tend to ② prioritize close social relationships, focus more on achieving emotional well-being, and attend more to positive emotional information while ignoring negative information. These ③ stationary motivational goals in old age have implications for attention to and processing of social cues from the environment. Of particular importance in considering emotional changes in old age is the ④ presence of a positivity bias: that is, a tendency to notice, attend to, and remember more positive compared to negative information. The role of life experience in social skills also indicates that ⑤ older adults might show gains in some aspects of social perception.

\* cognitive: 인식의 \*\* impair: 해치다

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다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?

9

Concepts of nature are always cultural statements. This may not strike Europeans as much of an insight, for Europe's landscape is so much of a ① blend. But in the new worlds — 'new' at least to Europeans — the distinction appeared much ② clearer not only to European settlers and visitors but also to their descendants. For that reason, they had the fond conceit of primeval nature ③ uncontrolled by human associations which could later find expression in an admiration for wilderness. Ecological relationships certainly have their own logic and in this sense 'nature' can be seen to have a self-regulating but not necessarily stable ④ dynamic independent of human intervention. But the context for ecological interactions has increasingly been ⑤ reversed by humanity. We may not determine how or what a lion eats but we certainly can regulate where the lion feeds.<sup>[LSEP]</sup>

\* conceit: 생각 \*\* primeval: 원시(시대)의 \*\*\* ecological: 생태학의

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다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?

10

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\* robin: 올새 \*\* territory: 영역

2022학년도 6월 대학수학능력시험 6월 모의고사 34번 - 빈칸추론

다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?

11

Kinship ties ① continue to be important today. In modern societies such as the United States people frequently have family get-togethers, they telephone their relatives ② regularly, and they provide their kin with a wide variety of services. Eugene Litwak has referred to this pattern of behaviour as the ‘modified extended family’. It is an extended family structure because multigenerational ties are maintained, but it is modified because it does not usually rest on co-residence between the generations and most extended families do not act as ③ corporate groups. Although modified extended family members often live close by, the modified extended family does not require geographical proximity and ties are ④ strengthened even when kin are separated by considerable distances. In contrast to the traditional extended family where kin always live in close proximity, the members of modified extended families may ⑤ freely move away from kin to seek opportunities for occupational advancement.

\* kin: 친족 \*\* proximity: 근접 \*\*\* :

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다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?

12

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\* metabolism: 신진대사 \*\* mammal: 포유동물

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### 정답

1. ⑤
2. ④
3. ②
4. ④
5. ⑤
6. ④
7. ③
8. ③
9. ⑤
10. ⑤
11. ④
12. ③